



Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 05-Jun-2014

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Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name CARQUEST Boat Trailer Wheel Bearing Grease

Other means of identification

SDS # CQ-003

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Lubricant.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

Warren Oil Company
915 E. Jefferson Ave.
West Memphis, AR 72301

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 1-800-428-9284
Emergency Telephone (24 hr) CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (North America) 1-703-527-3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Green semi-solid to solid **Physical State** Semi-solid to solid **Odor** Mild petroleum

Classification

Acute toxicity – Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
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Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Harmful if inhaled



Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Unknown Acute Toxicity

3% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	10-20
Mineral Oil	64741-88-4	10-20
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil	64742-52-5	10-20
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	<5
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	<5
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-57-0	<5

If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, redness or pain persists.
Skin Contact	If burned by hot material, cool skin by quenching with large amounts of cool water. For contact with product at ambient temperatures, remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with mild soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or if pain or irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean or discard contaminated leather goods. If material is injected under the skin, seek medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Rinse out mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. Allow small quantities to pass through the digestive system. If large amounts are swallowed or irritation of discomfort, seek medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms	Harmful if inhaled. This product can cause transient mild eye irritation with short-term contact with liquid sprays or mists. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness, and swelling. This material can cause mild skin irritation from prolonged or repeated skin contact. Injection under the skin can cause inflammation and swelling. Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention. Skin contact with hot material may result in severe burns. This material can cause a laxative effect. If swallowed in large quantities, this material can obstruct the intestine.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Skin: In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include extensive incision, debridement and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in ischemia and gangrene. Early symptoms may be minimal. Ingestion: Check for possible bowel obstruction with ingestion of large quantities of material.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Water or foam may cause frothing. Carbon dioxide and inert gas can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide or inert gas in confined spaces.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and trace of oxides of sulfur, antimony, phosphorus, and/ or nitrogen.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Fight the fire from a safe distance in a protected location. Open any masses with a water stream to prevent re-ignition due to smoldering. Cool surface with water fog. Molten material can form flaming droplets if ignited. Use of water on product above 100°C (212°F) can cause product to expand with explosive force. Do not allow liquid runoff to enter sewers or public waters.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**Personal Precautions**

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material.

Environmental Precautions

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**Methods for Containment**

Stop leak if you can do so without risk.

Methods for Clean-Up

For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for lateral disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. In urban areas, clean up spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek clean up advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling**Advice on Safe Handling**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**Storage Conditions**

Avoid water contamination and elevated temperatures to minimize product degradation. Empty containers may contain product residue that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store only in approved containers. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at elevated temperatures. Avoid storing product in direct sunlight for extended periods of time.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**Exposure Guidelines**

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil 64742-52-5	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (oil mist) STEL: 10 mg/m ³ (oil mist)	TWA: 5mg/m ³ (oil mist) STEL: none estab.	TWA: none estab. STEL: none estab.
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate 15890-25-2	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ Sb	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ Sb (vacated) TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ Sb	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³ Sb TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ Sb
Calcium Hydroxide 1305-62-0	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust TWA : 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction (vacated) TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ not in effect as a result of reconsideration	TWA: 5 mg/m ³

Appropriate engineering controls**Engineering Controls**

Ventilation controls are not normally required under anticipated conditions of use. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls if airborne mists or vapors concentrations exceed recommended occupational exposure limits listed. An eye wash station and safety shower should be located near work-station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/Face Protection**

Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. Wear goggles if splashing or spraying is anticipated. Wear goggles and face shield if material is heated above 125°F (51°C). Have suitable eye wash water available.

Skin and Body Protection

Use gloves constructed of chemical resistant materials such as heavy nitrile rubber if frequent or prolonged contact is expected. Use heat-protective gloves when handling product at elevated temperatures. Use clean protective clothing if splashing or spraying conditions are present. Protective clothing may include long-sleeve out garment, apron, or lab coat. If significant contact occurs, remove oil-contaminated clothing as soon as possible and promptly shower. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse or discard. Wear heat protective boots and protective clothing when handling material at elevated temperatures.

Respiratory Protection

The need for respiratory protection is not anticipated under normal use conditions and with adequate ventilation. If elevated airborne concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels are anticipated, a NIOSH-approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Semi-solid to solid	Odor	Mild petroleum
Appearance	Green semi-solid to solid	Odor Threshold	Not determined
Color	Green		

Property	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	Not available	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not available	
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	Not available	
Flash Point	150 °C / 302 °F	Estimated
Evaporation Rate	Not determined	
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not determined	
Upper Flammability Limits	Not available	
Lower Flammability Limit	Not available	
Vapor Pressure	<0.001 kPA (<0.01 mm Hg)(at 20°C)	@ 20°C (68°F)
Vapor Density	>1	(Air=1)
Specific Gravity	0.92	(Water = 1)
Water Solubility	Negligible solubility in cold water	
Solubility in other solvents	Not determined	
Partition Coefficient	Not determined	
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined	
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined	
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined	
Explosive Properties	Not determined	
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization	Not expected to occur.
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Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame and strongly oxidizing conditions.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and trace oxides of sulfur, antimony, phosphorus, and/or nitrogen.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information**Eye Contact** Avoid contact with eyes.**Skin Contact** Avoid contact with skin.**Inhalation** Harmful if inhaled.**Ingestion** Do not ingest.**Component Information**

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Mineral Oil 64741-88-4	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 2.18 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Lubricating oils (petroleum), hydrotreated spent 64742-58-1	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4480 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Hydrogenated Castor Oil – (flake or solid) 8001-78-3	> 10 g/kg (Rat)	-	-
Calcium Hydroxide 1305-62-0	= 7340 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects**Symptoms** Please see Section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.**Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure****Carcinogenicity** Based on the information provided, this product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.**Numerical measures of toxicity**

Not determined

Unknown Acute Toxicity 3% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Ecotoxicity**

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Mineral Oil 64741-88-4		5000: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50		1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic 64742-54-7		5000: 86 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50		1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil 64742-52-5		5000: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50		1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Lubricating oils (petroleum), hydrotreated spent 64742-58-1		3.2: 96 h Pimepphales promelas mg/L LC50 semi-static 79.6: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50 semi-static		

Hydrogenated Castor Oil – (flake or solid) 8001-78-3		10000: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50		
Calcium Hydroxide 1305-62-0		160: 96 h Gambusia affinis mg/L LC50 static50 static		

Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Not determined.

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods**Disposal of Wastes**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate 15890-25-2	Toxic
Calcium Hydroxide 1305-62-0	Corrosive

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note

Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT

Not regulated

IATA

Not regulated

IMDG

Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Present	X		Present			X	Present	x	X
Mineral Oil	Present	X		Present		Present	X	Present	X	X
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil	Present	X		Present		Present	X	Present	X	X
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate	Present	X		Present		Present	X	Present	X	X
Calcium Hydroxide	Present	X		Present		Present	X	Present	X	X
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	Present	X		Present		Present	X	Present	X	x

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL – Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS – European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS – Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC – China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL – Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS – Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS – Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations**CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355).

SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate - 15890-25-2	15890-25-2	<5	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate		X		

US State Regulations**California Proposition 65**

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Antimony diamyldithiocarbamate 15890-25-2	X		X
Calcium Hydroxide 1305-62-0	X		

16. OTHER INFORMATION

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
	1	1	0	Not determined
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards	Personal Protection
	1	1	0	Not determined

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet